In the Claims

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The claims have been amended as follows.

2 comprising: 3 attaching a chip to a substrate using a first solder interconnection array; 4 attaching a board to said substrate using a second solder interconnection array 5 such that a space is defined between said board and said substrate having a gap height ranging from about 300 microns to about 900 microns, said 6 second solder interconnection array residing entirely within said space; and 7 8 providing an underfill material a creep resistant structure within said space prior 9 to applying compressive forces to said electronic module, said underfill 10 material having a filler material with a particle size ranging from about 32

microns to about 300 microns present in an amount ranging from about 60

to 64 weight percent, said creep resistant-structure-underfill material being in

direct contact with at least-said board and said substrate to maintain said

space and optimize integrity of said second solder interconnection array

(currently amended) A method for assembling an electronic module

- 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein-said-creep resistant
 2 structure comprises further including providing a mechanical support structure
- 3 <u>comprising</u> at least one rigid metallic ball <u>within said space</u>.

during application of said compressive forces.

- 1 3. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said creep resistant
- 2 structure-comprises at least one-mechanical-support structure selected from the
- 3 group consisting of further including providing a mechanical support structure
- 4 comprising -a bracket within said space, a frame and a collar.
- 1 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 further including providing a
- 2 mechanical support structure comprising a frame within said space-wherein said
- 3 creep resistant-structure comprises an underfill material.
- 1 5. (currently amended) A method for assembling an electronic module
- 2 comprising:
- attaching a chip to a substrate using a first solder interconnection array;
- 4 attaching an organic board to said substrate using a second solder
- 5 interconnection array thereby defining a space between said organic board
- 6 and said substrate, said second solder interconnection array residing entirely
- 7 within said space;
- 8 depositing an underfill material at discrete locations within said space such that
- 9 said underfill material contacts both said organic board and said substrate
- and selected solder joints of said second solder interconnection array for
- 11 partially encapsulating said second solder interconnection array at said
- 12 discrete locations; and
- curing said underfill material to form a rigid matrix within said space to maintain
- and enhance integrity of said second solder interconnection array.

- 1 6. (currently amended) The method of claim 5 further including the step-steps
- 2 of cleaning surfaces of said organic board and said substrate within said space and
- 3 heating said organic board followed by-prior to depositing said underfill material to
- 4 increase wetting characteristics of said underfill material and enhance adhesion of
- 5 said underfill material to said organic board and said substrate.
- 1 7. (original) The method of claim 5 further including the step of providing at
- 2 least one rigid metallic ball within said space to further maintain and enhance
- 3 integrity of said second solder interconnection array.
- 1 8. (original) The method of claim 5 further including the step of providing at
- 2 least one mechanical support structure selected from the group consisting of a
- 3 bracket, a frame and a collar within said space to further maintain and enhance
- 4 integrity of said second solder interconnection array.
- 1 9. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein said second solder
- 2 interconnection array comprises a single melt solder interconnection array.
- 1 10. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein said second solder
- 2 interconnection array comprises a dual melt solder interconnection array.
- 1 11. (canceled)
- 1 12. (canceled)

- 1 13. (original) The method of claim 5 wherein said space has gap heights
- 2 residing between said organic board and said substrate ranging from about 300
- 3 microns to about 900 microns, said underfill material being capable of filling said
- 4 gap heights.
- 1 14. (currently amended) The method of claim 13 claim 5-wherein said underfill
- 2 material in its uncured state comprises a polymeric material having a filler material
- 3 present in an amount ranging from about 60% by weight per solution to about 64%
- 4 by weight per solution, said filler material having a particle size ranging from about
- 5 32 microns to about 300 microns in diameter 2% to about 33% of a gap height
- 6 residing between said organic board and said substrate within said space.
- 1 15. (original) The method of claim 14 wherein said underfill material in its
- 2 uncured state has a density ranging from about 1.5 g/cc to about 2.0 g/cc, a
- 3 viscosity at 25°C greater than about 5,000 cP, and a Thixotropic Index ranging from
- 4 about 1.0 to about 2.0.
- 1 16. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein said underfill material in its cured
- 2 state has a glass transition temperature ranging from about 135°C to about 145°C,
- 3 and a dynamic tensile modulus strength at about 25°C greater than about 5 Gpa.

- 1 17. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein said substrate comprises a
- 2 ceramic substrate, said cured underfill material has a CTE below Tg of about 18
- 3 ppm/°C to about 21 ppm/°C, and a CTE above the Tg of about 85 ppm/°C.
- 1 18. (original) The method of claim 16 wherein said substrate comprises a organic
- 2 substrate, said cured underfill material has a CTE below Tg of about 12 ppm/°C to
- 3 about 25 ppm/°C, and a CTE above the Tg of about 70 ppm/°C.
- 1 19. (currently amended) An electronic module assembly comprising:
- a chip attached to a substrate via a first solder interconnection array;
- a board attached to said substrate via a second solder interconnection array;
- 4 a space defined between said organic board and said substrate having a gap
- 5 height ranging from about 300 microns to about 900 microns, said second
- 6 solder interconnection array residing entirely within said space; and
- 7 a rigid matrix of underfill material within said space being in direct contact with
- 8 between-said board and said substrate for encapsulating said second solder
- 9 interconnection array to maintain said space and optimize integrity of said
- second solder interconnection array, said underfill material having a filler
- material with a particle size ranging from about 32 microns to about 300
- microns present in an amount ranging from about 60 to about 64 weight
- percent.
 - 1 20. (currently amended) The assembly of claim 19 wherein said further
- 2 including a creep resistant structure is selected from the group consisting of a rigid

- 3 matrix of underfill material, a metallic ball, a bracket, a frame, a collar, and
- 4 combinations thereof.
- 1 21. (new) The method of claim 1 wherein said underfill material partially
- 2 encapsulates said second solder interconnection array at discrete locations.
- 1 22. (new) The assembly of claim 19 wherein said underfill material partially
- 2 encapsulates said second solder interconnection array at discrete locations

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